



## Ohio Administrative Code Rule 3701-33-01 Definitions.

Effective: January 1, 2017

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As used in rules 3701-33-01 to 3701-33-20 of the Administrative Code:

(A) "Agricultural labor camp" or "camp" means one or more buildings, manufactured homes, mobile homes, or recreational vehicles, together with any tract of land appertaining thereto, established, operated, or used as temporary living quarters for two or more families or five or more persons intending to engage in or engaged in agriculture or related food processing, whether occupancy is by rent, lease, or mutual agreement. "Agricultural labor camp" does not include a hotel or motel, or a manufactured home park as defined and regulated pursuant to Chapter 4781. of the Revised Code.

(B) "Board of health" means the board of health of a city or general health district, or the authority having the duties of a board of health in any city as authorized by section 3709.05 of the Revised Code or an authorized representative of the board of health.

(C) "Building" means any structure located in an agricultural labor camp, whether or not it is used or intended for supporting or sheltering any use or occupancy.

(D) "Camp operator" means a person who is required by section 3733.43 of the Revised Code to obtain a license in order to maintain or operate an agricultural labor camp.

(E) "Director" means the director of the department of health of the state of Ohio or his/her authorized representative.

(F) "Dwelling" means any building or structure, including a structure that is further divided into housing units, and includes but is not limited to recreational vehicles and manufactured homes, that is wholly or partly used or intended to be used for living or sleeping by human occupants.

(G) "Family" means a group of people related by ancestry or marriage.



(H) "Gray water recycling system" has the meaning set forth in section 3718.01 of the Revised Code.

(I) "Habitable room" means a room or enclosed floor space used or intended to be used for living, sleeping, cooking, or eating. Habitable room does not include a bathroom, water closet compartment, laundry, pantry, foyer, hallway, closet, or storage space.

(J) "Health commissioner" means the person occupying the office created by sections 3709.11 and 3709.14 of the Revised Code or his authorized representative.

(K) "Health district" means a city or general health district as created by or under authority of Chapter 3709. of the Revised Code.

(L) "Household" means one or more persons, who may or may not be a family, who live in a single housing unit.

(M) "Housing unit" is a structure or a separate part of a structure that is used or intended for use as a home, residence, or sleeping place by one person or by two or more persons who maintain a common household.

(N) "Hygiene facility" means a building or room used, or intended to be used, for bathing, showering, or handwashing.

(O) "Licensee" means the person specified on the application for a license to operate or maintain an agricultural labor camp and to whom a currently valid license has been issued under section 3733.43 of the Revised Code.

(P) "Licensor" means the director of health.

(Q) "Person" means the state, any political subdivision, public or private corporation, partnership, association, trust, individual, or other entity.



(R) "Portable toilet" means a waterless toilet with a tank that typically contains a chemical to limit decomposition of non water-carried human excreta during storage prior to pumping.

(S) "Privy" means a self-contained waterless toilet used for the disposal of non water-carried human excreta that consists of a shelter built above an approved tank installed in the ground onto which human excreta is deposited.

(T) "Sewage" has the same meaning as set forth in section 3718.01 of the Revised Code.

(U) "Sewerage system" has the same meaning as set forth in section 6111.01 of the Revised Code.

(V) "Solid wastes" has the same meaning as set forth in section 3734.01 of the Revised Code.

(W) "Substantially alter" means to change the layout or the internal components of an agricultural labor camp, including but not limited to movement of utilities or changes in established roadways, housing units or other facilities.

(X) "Tract of land" means a contiguous area of land that consists of one or more parcels, lots, or sites that have been separately surveyed, regardless of whether the individual parcels, lots, or sites have been recorded and regardless of whether the one or more parcels or lots are under common or different ownership.