



Ohio Administrative Code Rule 3701-67-06 Child fatality review information system.

Effective: February 16, 2023

(A) The director shall provide a data collection tool for the review of child deaths or arrange for the use of a national child death review database. The individual data collection shall be maintained in a confidential manner.

(B) Each CFR board will use the director's data collection tool or the national child death review database to record the following information:

(1) Demographic information that includes:

(a) Age of the child;

(b) Sex of the child, identified as male or female;

(c) Race of the child, identified as black, white, native American, Asian, Alaskan native, native Hawaiian, Pacific islander, unknown or multiple;

(d) Ethnicity of the child identified as Hispanic or Latino origin; and

(e) Infant death information that includes:

(i) Gestational age;

(ii) Birth weight;

(iii) Multiple gestation;

(iv) Mother's number of pregnancies;



- (v) Mother's number of live births;
- (vi) Mother's number of living children;
- (vii) Prenatal care provided during pregnancy of deceased infant;
- (viii) Access or compliance issues related to prenatal care;
- (ix) Medical conditions/complications during pregnancy;
- (x) Medical complications in previous pregnancies;
- (xi) Medication, drug or substance use during pregnancy;
- (xii) Infant born drug exposed;
- (xiii) Infant neonatal abstinence syndrome (NAS);
- (xiv) Level of birth hospital;
- (xv) At hospital discharge, was a case manager assigned;
- (xvi) Whether mother attended postpartum visit;
- (xvii) Did the infant stay in NICU more than one day;
- (xviii) Did mother smoke in 3 months before pregnancy;
- (xix) Did mother smoke at any time during pregnancy;
- (xx) Was mother injured during pregnancy;
- (xxi) Did mother have postpartum depression;



(xxii) Was infant ever breastfed;

(xxiii) Did infant have abnormal metabolic newborn screening results;

(xxiv) Prior to last 72 hours of life, did infant have history of medical conditions, symptoms, injury, vaccine administration, medications, feeding.

(2) Death related information, that includes:

(a) Year of child's death;

(b) Geographic location of death;

(c) Cause of death; and

(d) Contributing factors to death, that includes:

(i) Poisoning, overdose or acute intoxication, including:

(A) Type of substance involved;

(B) Storage location of substance;

(C) Product original container;

(D) Container child safety cap;

(E) Incident result of; and

(F) Poison Control contacted.

(ii) Death related to sleeping environment, including:



- (A) Was death related to sleeping/sleep environment;
- (B) Incident sleep space;
- (C) Position of child when put to sleep;
- (D) Position of child when found;
- (E) Usual sleep position;
- (F) Availability of suitable sleep location;
- (G) Usual sleep place;
- (H) Child in new or different environment;
- (I) Child placed to sleep with pacifier;
- (J) Child wrapped or swaddled in blanket;
- (K) Child overheated;
- (L) Child exposed to second-hand smoke;
- (M) Position of child's face when found;
- (N) Position of child's neck when found;
- (O) Status of child's airway;
- (P) Objects in child's sleep environment and relation to airway obstruction;



- (Q) Caregiver/supervisor fell asleep when feeding child;
 - (R) Child sleeping in same room as caregiver/supervisor;
 - (S) Child sharing sleep surface with person(s) or animal(s);
 - (T) Reasons for sharing sleep surface; and
 - (U) Scene re-creation photo available.
- (3) Data Quality information that includes:
- (a) Data entry completed for the case; and
 - (b) Preventability of the death.
- (4) Any other information the CFR board considers relevant to the review.
- (C) Individual data related to a child death review that is reported on the data collection tool or the national child death review database is not a public record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.