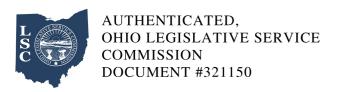


## Ohio Administrative Code Rule 5122-40-11 Toxicology.

Effective: January 31, 2025

Each opioid treatment program will have written procedures for toxicology screening that include, at a minimum:

- (A) Requirement that an initial toxicology screening be performed for each prospective patient as part of the documented physical evaluation completed by a physician prior to admission. The results of all tests are to be received within fourteen days following admission.
- (B) Requirement that a toxicology screening be performed pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 8.12(f)(6).
- (C) Requirement that programs have a standing physician's order for patient toxicology screening.
- (D) Requirement that any urine screen sent in for confirmation be performed by a laboratory that is in compliance with all "Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments" under 42 C.F.R. 493.
- (E) Requirement that toxicology screening be conducted in a manner to minimize falsification and that sample collection procedures include the following:
- (1) Each specimen collection will be monitored.
- (2) Each sample will be labeled to reflect the identification of the person from whom it was obtained and reflect the date the sample was obtained.
- (F) Requirements that each toxicology screening include, at a minimum, analysis for the following:
- (1) Opiates, including prescription opioid analgesics as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, heroin, and fentanyl;
- (2) Methadone;



(3) Amphetamines;

(4) Cocaine;
(5) Barbiturates;
(6) Marijuana;
(7) Benzodiazepines, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code; and
(8) Buprenorphine.
(G) Results of toxicology screening will be reviewed by the program staff with the patient with documentation of such and a copy of the results placed in the patient's file, in accordance with the requirements of rule 5122-27-04 of the Administrative Code.
(H) Provisions for ensuring that presumptive laboratory results are distinguished from confirmatory laboratory results.