3745-89-03 APPENDIX

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Analyte	Reporting limitmicrograms/liter (μg/L) except where otherwise noted		
antimony	4.0		
arsenic	3.0		
asbestos	0.2 million fibers/liter (mf/L)		
barium	300.0		
beryllium	1.0		
bromate*4,5	5.0 or 1.0		
cadmium	1.0		
chlorine dioxide**	500 <u>50</u>		
chlorine (total)**	100		
chlorite (<u>Distribution System</u> <u>Monitoring)ion chromatography</u>)*1.4	20		
chlorite (<u>Daily Monitoring</u>)*amperometric titration)*21	500 100		
chromium	10.0		
copper	50.0		
cyanide	20		
fluoride	0.5 milligrams/liter (mg/L)		
lead	5.0		
mercury	0.5		
nickel	20.0		
nitrate	0.5 mg/L		
nitrite	0.1 mg/L		
nitrate-nitrite (as N)	0.5 mg/L		
selenium	5.0		
thallium	1.5		

^{*} disinfection byproduct

^{**} disinfectant residual

Table 2. Reporting Limits for Analysis of Volatile Organic Compounds				
Analyte	Reporting limitmicrograms/liter (μg/L)			
benzene	0.5			
bromodichloromethane*3,42	0.5			
bromoform*3.42	0.5			
carbon tetrachloride	0.5			
chloroform*3,42	0.5			
dibromochloromethane*3,42	0.5			
o-dichlorobenzene	0.5			
p-dichlorobenzene	0.5			
1,2-dichloroethane	0.5			
1,1-dichloroethylene	0.5			
cis-1,2-dichloroethylene	0.5			
trans-1,2-dichloroethylene	0.5			
dichloromethane	0.5			
1,2-dichloropropane	0.5			
ethylbenzene	0.5			
monochlorobenzene	0.5			
styrene	0.5			
tetrachloroethylene	0.5			
toluene	0.5			
total trihalomethanes*3,42	2.0			
1,2,4-trichlorobenzene	0.5			
1,1,1-trichloroethane	0.5			
1,1,2-trichloroethane	0.5			
trichloroethylene	0.5			
vinyl chloride	0.5			
xylenes (total)	1.5 .5			

^{*} disinfection byproduct

	Reporting limitmicrograms/liter (μg/L)		
alachlor	0.2		
atrazine	0.3		
benzo(a)pyrene	0.1 0.15		
carbofuran	0.9 0.2		
chlordane - total			
dalapon	5.0		
dibromoacetic acid*3.42	1.0		
dibromochloropropane (DBCP)	0.02		
dichloroacetic acid*3.42	1.0		
di(2-ethylhexyl)adipate	0.6		
di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	0.6		
2,4-D	1.0		
dinoseb	1.0		
diquat	2.0		
endothall	9.0		
endrin	0.1		
ethylene dibromide (EDB)	0.01		
glypohsate	30.0		
haloacetic acids (five)*3,42	6.0		
heptachlor	0.2		
heptachlor epoxide	0.1		
hexachlorobenzene	0.1		
hexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.5		
lindane	0.1		
methoxychlor	0.1		
monobromoacetic acid*3,42	1.0		
monochloroacetic acid*3,42	2.0		
oxamyl (vydate)	2.0		
pentachlorophenol	0.4		
picloram	1.0		
polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) - total	0.1		
simazine	0.35		
2,3,7,8-TCDD (dioxin)	5 x 10 ⁻⁶		
toxaphene	1.0		

^{*} disinfection byproduct

Table 4. Reporting Limits for Radionuclide Analysis				
Analyte	Reporting limitpicocuries/liter (pCi/L) except where otherwise noted			
cesium-134	10			
gross alpha	3			
gross beta	4			
iodine-131	1			
radium 226	1			
radium 228	1			
strontium-89	10			
strontium-90	2			
tritium	1,000			
uranium	1 micrograms/liter (μg/L)			
other radionuclides	1/10th of the applicable limit			

Table 5. Reporting Limits for Analysis of Cyanotoxins		
Analyte	Reporting limitmicrograms/liter (µg/L)	
microcystins (total)	0.3	

¹ Applicable to monitoring as prescribed in paragraphs (M)(2) to (M)(5) of rule 3745-81-23 of the Administrative Code.

² Reporting limit applicable to operational use only.

²³ When adding individual trihalomethane or haloacetic acid concentrations to calculate total trihalomethane or haloacetic acid, five concentrations, respectively, a zero is used for any analytical result that is less than the minimum reporting limit concentration for the disinfection byproduct.

⁴The calibration curve must encompass the regulatory minimum reporting level (MRL) concentration. Data may be reported for concentrations lower than the regulatory MRL as long as the precision and accuracy criteria are met by analyzing an MRL check standard at the lowest reporting limit chosen by the laboratory. The laboratory must verify the accuracy of the calibration curve at the MRL concentration by analyzing an MRL check standard with a concentration less than or equal to 110% of the MRL with each batch of samples. The measured concentration for the MRL check standard must be ±50% of the expected value, if any field sample in the batch has a concentration less than 5 times the regulatory MRL. Method requirements to analyze higher concentration check standards and meet tighter acceptance criteria for them must be met in addition to the MRL check standard requirement.

⁵Laboratories that use EPA Methods 317.0 Revision 2.0, 326.0 or 321.8 must meet a 1.0 μg/L MRL for bromate.